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Background

Knuth-Morris Pratt

Summary

# **KMP String Searching**

Bruce Merry

IOI Training Mar 2014

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# Outline

KMP String Searching

#### Background 1



### 2 Knuth-Morris-Pratt

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# The Problem

### KMP String Searching

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Summary

 Given a string H (haystack) and another string N (needle), find all places where N occurs in H.

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These places might overlap.

# The Problem

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Summary

- Given a string *H* (haystack) and another string *N* (needle), find all places where *N* occurs in *H*.
- These places might overlap.
- The "strings" might not be made up of English letters, but of numbers or other objects.

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	Simple Solution
KMP String	
Searching	
Bruce Merry	
Background	
Knuth-Morris-	

Summary

### Try every possible substring to *H* and compare to *N*

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# Simple Solution



#### Background

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Summary

# Try every possible substring to *H* and compare to *N* Implemented by std::search

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# Simple Solution

### KMP String Searching

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Summary

Try every possible substring to *H* and compare to *N* 

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- Implemented by std::search
- Complexity is  $O(|H| \cdot |N|)$ .

# Some String Algorithms

#### KMP String Searching

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#### Background

Knuth-Morris Pratt

Summary

• Knuth-Morris-Pratt: Runs in  $\Theta(|H| + |N|)$ 

- Boyer-Moore: Worst-case O(|H| + |N|), much better for normal text
- Horspool: Simplified Boyer-Moore, worst case O(|H| · |N|)
- **Rabin-Karp:** O(|H| + |N| + m|N|) for *m* matches, except for pathological cases

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 Aho-Corasick: Generalized KMP that searches for multiple strings

# Some String Algorithms

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- **Rabin-Karp:** O(|H| + |N| + m|N|) for *m* matches, except for pathological cases
- Aho-Corasick: Generalized KMP that searches for multiple strings

For contests, Boyer-Moore and Horspool are not useful.

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- Process one character from H at a time, keeping track of the longest prefix of N matching at this point.
- If the next letter of *H* doesn't match our current prefix of *N*, we fall back to a shorter prefix and try again.

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A B C A B A B A C A B A <mark>B</mark> A C A B A D A B A C A B A D

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# **Failure Function**

KMP String Searching

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Knuth-Morris-Pratt

Summary

Given a prefix N[:i], what is the largest j < i such that N[:j] is a suffix of N[:i]?

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Pre-computed, stored in a table f[i]

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■ Useful to set f[0] = -1

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■ Useful to set f[0] = -1
```

f[i], f[f[i]], f[f[f[i]]] etc. give all the prefixes
 of N[:i] that are also suffixes.

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Need to compute in linear time

KMP String Searching

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Knuth-Morris-Pratt

Summary

It can be computed by dynamic programming: ■ Set f[0] = -1

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#### KMP String Searching

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#### Background

Knuth-Morris-Pratt

Summary

#### It can be computed by dynamic programming:

If N[:i].endswith(N[:j]), then N[:i-1].endswith(N[:j-1]). Thus j is f'(i-1) + 1 for some repeat count r.

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```
■ Set f [0] = -1
```

```
If N[:i].endswith(N[:j]), then
N[:i-1].endswith(N[:j-1]). Thus j is
f<sup>r</sup>(i-1) + 1 for some repeat count r.
```

■ Only need to check that N[i-1] == N[j-1]

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Only need to check that N[i-1] == N[j-1]

■ Just try all values of *j* until one fits or j = -1.

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■ Just try all values of *j* until one fits or j = -1.

A D F A 同 F A E F A E F A Q A

Exercise: prove that this takes only linear time.

### Failure Function Code

**KMP** String Searching

Knuth-Morris-Pratt

{

}

```
int L = N.size();
vector<int> fail(L + 1);
fail[0] = -1;
for (int i = 1; i \le L; i++)
   int f = fail[i - 1];
   while (f \ge 0 \&\& N[f] != N[i - 1])
      f = fail[f];
   fail[i] = f + 1;
```

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#### Knuth-Morris-Pratt Code

```
KMP String
Searching
```

Bruce Merry

```
Background
```

```
Knuth-Morris-
Pratt
```

}

```
Summary
```

```
int match = 0;
for (char c : H)
{
    while (match >= 0 && N[match] != c)
        match = fail[match];
    match++;
    if (match == int(N.size()))
        cout << "Found!\n";</pre>
```

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Always O(|H| + |N|) (no pathological cases)

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Always O(|H| + |N|) (no pathological cases)
 Works with arbitrarily-large alphabet

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- Works with arbitrarily-large alphabet
- Simple to implement

#### KMP String Searching Bruce Merry

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- Requires O(N) memory

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- Works with arbitrarily-large alphabet
- Simple to implement
- Requires O(N) memory
- Can stream in H